

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

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CAMPAIGN HOT SHOT.

Orators Fire Volleys of Arguments At the Voters.

HOW THE POLITICAL WAR WAGES.

Bryan Continues His Tour In the Empire State—Roosevelt Lays Siege To West Virginia—Other Speakers Actively Engaged.

Syracuse, Oct. 19.—Mr. Bryan was in excellent spirits when he left here at 8:20 a.m. He said he was immensely pleased with Thursday's demonstrations. He invited Charles N. Bulger of Oswego to remain with him to the end of the trip and Mr. Bulger accepted. Mr. Bryan's first stop of the day was at Solway, a suburb of Syracuse, where he made a short speech at the railroad station.

A large crowd greeted Mr. Bryan at Seward Park, Auburn, where he devoted most of his time to the trusts. A printed statement credited to E. D. Metcalf, superintendent of D. M. Osborne & Co., to the effect that in case Mr. Bryan was elected, the Osborne shops, one of the largest manufacturers of agricultural implements of the country would be closed, received Mr. Bryan's attention. He declared Mr. Metcalf's announcement was intended to coerce voters. Pointing to a statue of William H. Seward, Mr. Bryan said: "There stands a statue of the greatest man your city ever produced, until Mr. Metcalf arose. There that finger points upwards and inscribed on the base is Seward's famous words, 'There is a higher law.' When our friend, Colonel Metcalf, is called to his fathers I suggest you have a statue erected and have his fingers pointing downward and be inscribed 'There is a lower law.'"

Later on in his speech Mr. Bryan reverted to Mr. Metcalf and his institution, saying: "This firm in your city threatens to close its factory. That is an old trick. They made the same threat in 1896, and yet after the election many that had threatened to close the mills if I was elected cut down wages and made their man suffer after Mr. McKinley was elected. If it is right for this company to coerce its employees, it must be on the theory that a man who stands at the head of a corporation has a right to the votes of its employees, and if so, then let us have a law enabling Mr. Metcalf to vote as many times as he has employees, so that none of the employees will get away from him. But if the vote belongs to the citizen, then let us have a law that will make it a penitentiary offense for a man to try to rob another man of his citizenship because he works for him. I want you who labor to understand that when you work you give to the man who employs you full recompense for what he pays you, for if you did not he would not employ you. They go on the theory that a man who works for another man ought to be under great obligations for a job. Why, my friends, Mr. Metcalf would not employ one single man if that man could not make enough to make his own wages and something besides for Mr. Metcalf to pay him for employing him. Then if you give a full return for all that you get, why should you not have your citizenship as your own, and why don't you resent this damnable insult that is becoming too common in American politics?"

Mr. Bryan also quoted an extract from a local Republican paper, telling of a farm which had been sold for \$6.50 an acre, while it had been assessed for taxes at \$16 an acre. Commenting upon this extract, Mr. Bryan said derisively: "Farmers now vote to keep present conditions. They are so satisfied that you can not sell your land for half what it is assessed for for taxes. Go out and find what per cent of taxation is levied upon your railroads. Go out and find what per cent of taxation is levied on your large factories, and see if they are assessed for more than twice what they will sell for at public auction. If these conditions are satisfactory, let every one who believes it vote the Republican ticket, because all Republicans tell you they will maintain present conditions."

At Ithaca Mr. Bryan was given a hearty welcome. When he appeared on the speaker's stand he was met by a solid mass of students from Cornell university, who greeted him with the college yell. The speaking took place in front of the High School building. Judge Bulger was the first speaker, and while he was talking girls in the High School building window immediately over the speaker's stand lowered a picture of President McKinley. After the picture hung out for perhaps five minutes the young women

were prevailed upon to remove it.

Mr. Bryan spoke an hour and was frequently interrupted by shouts in the outskirts of the crowd. Mr. Bryan met them with the intimation that it was an effort to prevent free speech. After this the interruptions took the shape of questions as to the disposition of the Philippines, to remedies for the trusts, to the race question in the south, to the ice trust and to the free coinage of silver. Replying to this last question, Mr. Bryan said he stood now where President McKinley had formerly stood on that question, and that his (Mr. Bryan's) position on that and all other questions was explained by the Kansas City platform.

While Mr. Bryan was talking, another picture of the president was hung out from a window. This bore the inscription: "McKinley was right." The appearance of the poster called forth renewed shouts both of derision and of approval, but Mr. Bryan said that he had no objection to the poster. "I only want you to ask yourselves," he said, "when McKinley was right, for he has been on both sides of every question that has ever come to the front." With this sally the poster was allowed to drop, and it floated out over the crowd. When Mr. Bryan closed he was roundly cheered.

Hanna, Nebraska.

Norfolk, Neb., Oct. 19.—South and east through the eastern tier of counties in Nebraska, with one stop at Sioux City, 15 stops altogether, was the program mapped out for Senators Hanna and Frye Friday. The itinerary included speeches at Sioux City, Ia., Wakefield, Wayne, Winslow, Hoskins and Norfolk, Neb., transferring at that point to the Union Pacific. Stops were made at Madison, Senator Allen's home, Humphrey, Platte Center, Columbus, Schuyler, North Bend, Fremont, Wahoo and an evening meeting at the home of W. J. Bryan, Lincoln, where the train stopped over night. Saturday's program, the last day of Senator Hanna's trip through the west, includes but eight speeches, but at all of these stops Senators Hanna and Frye will speak at some length. Saturday's speechmaking will begin at Wynmore, thence to Pawnee City, Humboldt, Falls City, Auburn, Nebraska City and Weeping Water, with the culminating meeting of the week's campaigning at Omaha in the evening. A big audience greeted Mr. Hanna at Norfolk, the street being packed for almost a block from the speaking stand erected a short distance up from the railroad station. "I have heard that you have a candidate for the presidency living in your state," said Mr. Hanna amid laughter, "and that he has got it bad, so bad that he is willing to sacrifice all the material interests of this country in order that he may attain the height of his ambition. Now my friends you are not called upon to exercise the prerogative of your votes to satisfy the ambition of any man, but you are called upon to consider your own interests, the interests of your families, the interests of your countrymen and your country first." In briefly discussing the issue of "Imperialism" Mr. Hanna said: "There is another side to this question, that of patriotism. As long as our dead lie buried in the Philippines, husbands, brothers of your own lie in that soil, and any man who attempts to haul down that emblem of liberty and protection will be snowed under. They say there is another side to this question, one of sordid greed; they call it commercialism. Well, my friends, if it is commercialism to want the possession of a strategic point giving the American people an opportunity to maintain a foothold in the markets of that great eastern country, for God's sake let us have commercialism." A half hour's stop was made at Madison, Senator Allen's home. Senator Hanna spoke briefly, urging the voters of Nebraska to forget past party affiliations and to remember that present conditions under the Republican administration are of unprecedented prosperity.

Roosevelt's Roundups.

Huntington, W. Va., Oct. 19.—Governor Roosevelt left Parkersburg over the Ohio River railway at 8 a. m. on a special train. There was a big crowd at the depot to see him off. He made short speeches all along the line en route to Huntington, where he spoke in the afternoon. The demonstration here was the largest ever seen in this city. During the afternoon Governor Roosevelt made stops at Hurricane, Charleston and Hinton.

Stevenson at Utica.

Utica, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Adlai E. Stevenson arrived here from Lowville, where he spoke Thursday night. He expressed himself as highly gratified with the meeting there. Mr. Stevenson went at once to his hotel. His rooms were crowded during the afternoon with callers.

IS NOT YET SETTLED.

Can't Come to an Agreement on the Powder Proposition.

STRIKE MAY HANG ON SOME TIME.

Operators Want to Figure the Decrease in Price of Powder Into The Increase of Wages—President Mitchell Reluctant.

Hazleton, Oct. 19.—Final settlement of the strike is undoubtedly blocked by the question as to the price miners will be asked to pay for powder. Employers have agreed to pay 10 per cent more in wages than they were before the strike, but insist that the reduction of \$1.25 a keg in the price of powder shall be taken into consideration. The miners apparently want to go back to work for the 10 per cent advance, then arbitrate the question whether they are to get powder cheaper as an additional condition. It is not believed the mine owners will grant any such demand and their refusal may mean the indefinite prolongation of strike.

Since the Philadelphia conference of railroad operators and officials President Mitchell has become very reticent, maintaining an absolute silence on the powder question. When he was asked whether another convention will be called to ascertain the wishes of the men on the newest complication he replied, "I prefer not to answer that." When he was asked what the prospects were for an early ending of the strike he said, "No man in America is desirous or more anxious to end this contest than myself and I have done all in my power to bring about an honorable settlement."

This non-committal answer helps to strengthen the impression that the labor war is not so near a solution as it was thought to have been. The spirit of jubilation that prevailed in this region Wednesday has given way to a feeling of disappointment.

MARCHED ON JEDDO.

Strikers Successfully Plan and Execute An Expedition.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 19.—About 800 strikers made a descent on the No. four Jeddo mines of G. B. Markle & company at Oakdale and made an effort to close the colliery at that place. The march was well planned and was kept a strict secret. The marchers came from this city and from McAdoo and Audenreid on the south side, and Eckley, Highland and Freeland on the north side. Each local union marched independently to a point on the Jeddo road, near Oakdale. The South Siders reached their destination at 5 a. m. and those from the other side arrived soon afterward. A signal of three pistol shots was fired by one side and answered by the other. Then the two bodies arrived and met in front of the breaker in Oakdale. There was a force of deputy sheriffs on duty, but they were kept in the background. The sheriff himself did not arrive until the affair was nearly over.

As soon as John Markle, managing partner of the firm, heard of the march he went to Oakdale and expostulated with the strikers urging them to disperse. They, however, remained in the vicinity of Oakdale, marching up and down the road until 7:30 o'clock, when they went home. No one was seriously hurt, but one man going to work was set upon by strikers and beaten and others were menaced. The strikers claim they shut up the colliery, but at the Markle office it was stated the mine is still working.

Preparing to Resume.

Shamokin, Pa., Oct. 19.—Preparations are being made by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company the Mineral Railroad and Mining company and the Union Coal company for an early resumption of work at their respective collieries. Engineers and firemen have been ordered into the mines to repair pumps and engines, and mules are being brought back. Among the strikers some disappointment is expressed that no word has come from President Mitchell in reference to a settlement of the strike, but there appears to be no break in their ranks. They say they would not think of returning to work unless an order declaring the strike off is issued by Mitchell. The statement is also made that they are more prepared than most people imagine to remain out six months longer if necessary.

Young incendiary.

New Philadelphia, O., Oct. 19.—Roy Wilson, aged 9 years, becoming dissatisfied with his home, poured oil on Mr. Schlafley's kitchen porch and set fire to it. Then he went to the barn, saddled a horse, set fire to the barn and rode away. The burning barn aroused

Mr. Schlafley in time to save his house. The barn with hay, grain and farming implements was destroyed. The boy has been arrested. His father died recently and Mr. Schlafley, who was kind to him, gave him a home. The boy's mother resides in this city.

DISCUSSING EVIDENCE.

Colonel Nelson Opens Argument For Defense—Youtsey Better.

Georgetown, Ky., Oct. 19.—Youtsey slept and rested better Thursday night than for several nights and was able to take nourishment in the ordinary way and was really improved Friday morning. Colonel Nelson began his speech for the defense at 9 a. m. He said if the court believed or had a suspicion that he or his co-counsel had put a witness on the stand knowing the witness would commit perjury the court should disbar them. He said the belief existed that juries are being packed in these cases for the defendant had been unable to secure a juror of his own political faith to sit in his case. Colonel Nelson asked the commonwealth's attorney whether he would ask that Youtsey be tried for firing the shot or for aiding and abetting the firing.

"I will leave that for the jury to determine," responded Franklin.

Referring to Youtsey's present physical condition, Colonel Nelson said he felt like asking "can a dead man have a fair trial as guaranteed by the constitution?" That Youtsey is to all intents and purposes of this trial a dead man. He said Youtsey had a right to defend the executive building if it had been attacked and his having a gun Jan. 27 was not suspicious because every other man in that building was armed at that time. He said the testimony plainly showed that Youtsey did not even contemplate any crime.

Colonel Nelson closed at 3:30 p. m. Prosecuting Attorney Franklin then began and closed at 6 p. m.

Dowie Mobbed in London.

London, Oct. 19.—Medical students raided Dowie's meeting and howled in chorus and jested at Dowie, who called for police protection. Six students were arrested which restored order for the time being. In the evening a body of students tried to rush the platform. They threw chairs at Dowie, who called upon the police and fled by a side door. The police fought their way in and endeavored to expel the rioters, arresting a number. Fighting was then resumed, sticks and chairs being used as weapons. The students tried to rescue those under arrest. Ultimately more police were summoned and the ball was cleared. The students were lightly fined.

Negro Lynched.

Plaquemine, La., Oct. 19.—The negro Milly Johnson, who shot and dangerously wounded Conductor Will Jordan of the Texas and Pacific road Wednesday night near Baton Rouge, was lynched at 2 o'clock a. m. He had been incarcerated temporarily at the state capital, but during the night Sheriff Dubroca, of West Baton Rouge, attempted to cross the river with him and land him in jail at Port Allen. A determined body of men met the officers and with little difficulty obtained possession of him. They carried him 11 miles to the scene of his crime and hanged him. Jordan may recover.

Dowie Deportations Abated.

Mansfield, O., Oct. 19.—Hearing on the habeas corpus proceedings in behalf of Homer Kessler, Chicago Dowie deacon, has been set for Tuesday. Meanwhile the city authorities will make no attempt to interfere with or deport several Dowieites who are known to be in the city. If there should be further mob violence the Dowieites will have to take the consequences.

Boers Bother the British.

London, Oct. 19.—Lord Roberts reports from Pretoria, under date of Oct. 18, that a party of Boers got into Jagersfontein the night of Oct. 16 and a fight ensued in the morning. The British loss was 11 killed. Boer loss, their commandant and 20 killed. Kelly-Kenny despatched a column under Hughes-Hallett.

Heat Cut Off.

Louisville, Oct. 19.—Walter C. Townsend, 65, while crossing a long railway trestle, attempted to avoid being struck by a train by letting himself down between the ties. His shoulders caught and the train decapitated him, his body dropping to the ground.

Loving Cup For Hobson.

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 19.—This was military day at the street fair, the feature being the presentation to Lieutenant Hobson of a loving cup from the people of Alabama. General Joe Wheeler made the presentation speech.

Ed Duvendack, bridge carpenter for Cincinnati, Portsmouth and Virginia railroad killed by falling stone in tunnel at Arlon.

BECOMING IMPATIENT.

Chinese Urge That Peace Negotiations Begin at Once.

INSTRUCTIONS CABLED TO CONGER.

Propositions Made by Chinese Commissioners Not Sufficient—State Department Unable to Learn Whether Edict Is Genuine.

Washington, Oct. 19.—The Chinese government has made a request upon Secretary Hay that negotiations begin Saturday at Peking looking to a settlement of the Chinese question. It is said at the state department that Mr. Conger's instructions are sufficient in breadth to enable him to proceed with negotiations without further orders from the department, although the Chinese counter proposals received through Mr. Conger appear to warrant further instructions from the president and Secretary Hay.

Mr. Conger has been cabled an outline of the course he is to pursue in furtherance of the plan already committed to his care. The state department has decided not to make public the text of these supplementary instructions, but it may be stated that our government does not regard the Chinese tender as sufficient to meet the necessities of the case. It is not indicated in what respect they fall short, the Chinese agreeing to express regret, admit liability for indemnity, and yield anything in the way of treaties, in consideration of the withdrawal of the troops and an armistice.

The alleged edict setting out the punishments allotted to Prince Tuan and his fellow conspirators is surrounded with doubt. Mr. Conger informed the state department that the authenticity of the edict is called in question in Peking, but nowhere has the state department been able to obtain any official statement as to the character of the edict.

Emperor's Appeal to France.

Paris, Oct. 19.—M. Delcasse, the minister of foreign affairs has received a cable message from the Chinese emperor asking France to assist in the restoration of peace and expressing the hope that nothing will occur during the negotiations to cause a rupture of the peace proceedings.

Chinese Manifesto.

Shanghai, Oct. 19.—Sun-Yat-Sen, the reformer, and other so-called rebels, have issued a manifesto to local mandarins of the Yang-tse valley, denouncing the gross misgovernment of the Manchun dynasty and promising not to interfere with native converts.

Cabinet Meeting.

Washington, Oct. 19.—The cabinet meeting Friday was devoted principally to considering the Chinese situation. After the meeting the members seemed impressed with the favorable turn matters had taken and the prospect of a satisfactory adjustment.

Boxers Defeated.

Hongkong, Oct. 19.—The military mandarin at San Chun reports that Admiral Ho has defeated the rebels, killing 100 of them and driving the survivors into the Northeast river.

French Take a Town.

London, Oct. 19.—A special dispatch from Shanghai says 1,000 French troops have taken Te Chow on the northern border of Shantung province.

Compromise Measure.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 19.—The conference committee which has been considering the disagreement between the two houses of the legislature and which has been unable for several days to reach an agreement, agreed upon a report Friday which foreshadows the passage of an election law this week. A compromise substitute offered by the anti-Goebel Democrats was adopted by the conference committee by a vote of 16 to 4, and it is nearly certain the bill will pass. The bill gives the Republicans control of county election boards in Republican counties and the Democrats control in Democratic counties. It will not apply to the November election.

Bank Robbed by Burglars.

Nevada, Mo., Oct. 19.—The Farmers bank was entered by three masked men Friday before dawn, blew the safe and, it is stated, secured about \$3,000. Constable William Maron, who heard the explosion, fired into the darkness, to alarm the town. The robbers returned the fire killing Maron instantly. Sheriff Ewing with a posse and bloodhounds immediately started in pursuit of the robbers.

Mrs. Walter E. Grigsby, 45, of Zanesville, O., took 10 grains of arsenic in mistake for headache powders. She died in a few hours.

EVENING BULLETIN.

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 and Sunday.**

BOURKE COCHRAN ON JEFFERSON AND MCKINLEY.

"Jefferson took territory to avoid war; McKinley is making war to take territory. Jefferson took contiguous territory to do justice and avoid the provocations of war in the future; McKinley is taking useless and remote territory, which, if he succeeds in subduing, will cause future contests without number. Jefferson took territory to incorporate into a union of states and extend over it the beneficent influence of our Constitution and the glory of our flag; McKinley is seizing territory, not to expand our Constitutional government over it, but to turn it over to officeholders, to be exploited and plundered by syndicates and favorites."

SPEAKING of Bryan's reception in New York Walter Wellman, the well known newspaper correspondent, says that the scenes at the four meetings were the most exciting he had ever witnessed. He said:

"I never saw so many people at any kind of a meeting before, and I never saw or heard such enthusiasm in my life. The cheering was terrific. They certainly idolize Bryan. Such homage and devotion could not be manufactured. After last night I am satisfied that New York City will give Bryan a great majority. There is no telling how high it may climb. I think, though, that McKinley will carry the State."

Mr. Wellman is entitled to his opinion, of course.

The Court of Appeals has decided the contest between Judge W. L. Brown and ex-Congressman John H. Wilson, over the Circuit Judgeship in the Laurel Circuit, in favor of Brown, knocking out Wilson, who held a certificate of election from Poyntz, Yonis & Folton's State Election Board. It remains to see whether Mr. Poyntz will submit to this denial of his right to fill the offices in Kentucky.—Public Ledger.

The decision of the Court of Appeals was that there was no vacancy in the district named to be filled at the time the votes were cast for Brown and Wilson. That was a question the State Election Commissioners had nothing to do with, the Court simply deciding, from what we have seen of the decision, the point as to the vacancy. True to its chronic habit, however, the Ledger seeks to misrepresent the matter.

HON. JOHN D. WHITE, for years one of the most prominent Republicans of the Eleventh Congressional district, and who knows that district and its record better, probably, than any other man in the State, is now a candidate on the Prohibition ticket. In a speech at Frankfort Thursday he made the charge that the Republicans of the Eleventh "were the originators, as early as 1896, of the tissue ballot." He reviewed his race for Congress against Coleon in the Eleventh, and charged that United States District Attorney R. D. Hill, of that district, secured his office as a reward for frauds committed there. He called the attention of his audience to the fact that Hill was now engaged in prosecuting persons for buying the votes of one or two poor ignorant negroes at Middlesboro, when he and his allies winked at the bringing of them by the car-load from Virginia into this State. Democrats have always charged that gross frauds were committed by Republicans in the district named in 1896, and White backs them up in that charge.

WASHINGTON'S OPINION OF TRUSTS.

In 1778 General Washington's army was not in a very good condition. It needed food and clothing, in fact the soldiers were in rags, and with their officers lived on the plainest of food, principally roots. Congress was struggling to supply him and his army with the necessities of life, but it had trouble with those who had the supplies, because they controlled the market, and were not disposed to let them go without being paid their own price. It was then that Washington wrote Joseph Reed, President of Congress, to the following effect:

"It gives me sincere pleasure to find that the assembly of Pennsylvania is so well disposed to second your endeavors in bringing those murderers of our cause, the monopolizers, forestallers and engrossers to condign punishment. It is much to be lamented that each State long ere this has not hunted them down as pests to society and the greatest enemies we have to the happiness of America.

"I want to God that some one of the most atrocious in each State was hung in gibbets upon a gallows five times as high as the one proposed by Haman.

"No punishment, in my opinion, is too great for the man who builds his greatness upon his country's ruin."

REPUBLICANS

Responsible for Failure To Enact a New Election Law.

Scathing Arraignment of the Crowd for
 Their Hypocritical Cry—Senator
 Allen Pins 'Em Down.

In the State Senate Wednesday Senator Allen of Fayette County delivered a speech that forever sets at rest the question as to the responsibility for the failure to enact a new election law to take the place of the Goebel law. The speaker, in language that can not be mistaken, exposed the hypocrisy of the Republicans in trying to shift the blame from their own shoulders to that of the Democrats. Mr. Allen's speech was in reply to some remarks made by Senator Kirk, a Republican leader of the Senate, who unwittingly boasted that the Republicans had controlled the Senate from the time it had assembled. Mr. Allen says:

I am indeed thankful to the Senator from Johnson for one thing he has done by the speech he has just made upon this floor, for he has finally and eternally set at rest a question which has been a mooted one ever since this session began, namely—do the Democrats or Republicans control this Senate. It has been asserted by the Republican press and speakers of the State and by Republicans and self-alleged Democrats of this body that the Democrats have complete control of both houses of this Assembly, and are therefore responsible for the passage or nonpassage of a fair election law, but the Senator from Johnson, as the Republican leader upon this floor, has just given the lie to all such statements in most emphatic and unimpeachable terms when he asserted and reiterated that the Republicans and their "honorable" Democratic allies (seven in number whom he enumerated by name) have had complete control of this Senate from the beginning. He even goes so far as to say they could have taken the majority on the Suffrage and Election Committee which was formed at the commencement of this session, but they "gave" the majority to the Democrats as a kind of courtesy.

Thus, Mr. President, we at last have an acknowledgment from them of that which we have always known and which they have always denied. I have no disposition to impugn or criticize the motives of these seven "honorable Democrats"—possibly they are the only ones here—but I do love for the truth to be known, and I do know that these seven gentlemen have never affiliated with us; they have not attended our conferences except to stay a moment and walk out; they have not attended our family councils, nor would they accord us a decent hearing upon questions in order that we might make mutual concessions and get together upon common ground where all true Democrats could stand. They would not even come into our camp long enough to find out whether we were honest and sincere or not, but went immediately into the Republican camp at the beginning of this session and have been there ever since, and we are now informed in the language of the Senator who has just taken his seat that "they have stood side by side with the thirteen Republicans of this house upon every proposition since the beginning of this session."

The Senator from Johnson then proceeded to charge the Democrats of this house with every species of insincerity and with doing everything in their power to obstruct the passage of a fair and honest law. In answering him I shall not deal in generalities and promiscuous charges as he did, but will briefly review the record of our proceedings and state the recorded truth.

When the discussion first began they said they wanted the State Board of Election Commissioners to have only ministerial functions with no power to try contests, etc. This point we promptly yielded. Next you said you did not want the State Board elected by the Legislature, but wanted the board appointed by the Governor, one member from each of the two political parties and a state officer for third member. This point we readily conceded, and Mr. Utley, a Democrat, moved an amendment to that effect, and it was unanimously adopted by the Senate. Senator Harrell, one of the "honorable" Democrats, then rose and said he was glad to see the spirit of fairness and concession on our part, and if we would persevere in that spirit you would do likewise and we would have no trouble making a fair law. We did continue in that spirit of concession, and as long as we were making all the concessions everything went well, but when we asked you to do likewise the spirit of fairness and concession, which you had talked of so much, vanished entirely, and to this good hour you have never yielded an inch.

This became apparent when the question came up as to which State officer should be umpire of the State Board. The Democrats wanted the Clerk of the Court of Appeals, but you said no; that you did not propose for Sam Shackelford to be dictator of Kentucky politics, so by a vote of 20 to 18 you struck out the Clerk of the Court of Appeals, an officer who was elected by the undisputed majority of 17,000 votes, and substituted the Attorney General, an officer whom you and all your speakers and all your newspapers have proclaimed from one end of Kentucky to the other to be an impostor, holding an office which he stole from another man. This is but a sample of your contemptible hypocrisy and insincerity. But we went further. When we came to the County Boards you said you wanted the right to name your own member on each County Board, and we agreed to that. You then said you wanted the County Boards to have only ministerial powers, and we agreed to that. Thus you were given your own election officers to represent you and count your votes at the polls, and the election boards were stripped of all power to throw out your votes after they were counted, and still you charge that we are not willing to give you a fair law. At the last session, Mr. President, I introduced an amendment to the election law, the only provision of which was to allow each political party the right to name its own election officers, and in that way to say who should represent them at the polls. Col. Breckinridge, of Lexington, who has probably said and written more in condemnation of the Goebel law than any other man in Kentucky, and who is regarded as high authority by all who oppose the Goebel law, said editorially of the above amendment that "it would not only be an improvement on the Goebel law, but would be a vast improvement upon the old law as it stood before the Goebel law was enacted."

The same writer in his editorial a few days ago said the gist of a fair election law would be one



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which allowed each party to name its own precinct election officers and give the election boards only ministerial powers. Both of these provisions have long since been agreed to by every Democrat in this General Assembly, and if the Republicans had been half as anxious for a law as you pretend you could have had one which embraced the "gist" of a fair law long ago. They could have had one which was not only better than the Goebel law, but one which was "a vast improvement upon the old law." Did you accept that law? No; you stood pat and said: "We propose to dictate every line of line of the law to suit ourselves, or we won't have anything at all."

But the Democrats went further. We made a concession after concession until the only material difference between us was the manner of determining who should be the umpire or third member of the County Boards. You said you wanted the Sheriff or some county officer to be the umpire. We opposed this and told you our reason, namely, that it would give the Republicans absolute control of the nominations.

As a final resort, as a final concession, I offered an amendment which I hoped and believed would meet the approval of the majority of both Houses. It was to the effect that the State Board should divide the umpires between the two parties so that in each Congressional district of the State each party would have the umpire on as nearly one-half as possible of the County Boards of the counties of the district. To the best of my ability I undertook to show the merits of the plan. I argued that it was the fairest manner I could conceive of in which to divide the county umpires and, furthermore, that it distributed the influence of the two parties throughout the State, and did not leave either party in absolute control of any section of the State.

It never occurred to me that any Republican would vote against the proposition, and I was only afraid that if it passed the Senate simply by the Republican vote it would be doubtful about passing it through the House. So I had secured the pledge of a number of Democrats to vote for it and hoped in that way to give the amendment an influence that would pass it in the House. Senators Alexander and Hays both came and told me they thought it a fair proposition, and the Senator from Johnson came and told me the same thing. The amendment was put upon its passage, the Democrats voted for it according to promise, as did Senators Alexander, Hays, McConnell and Harrell; but the Senator from Johnson sat in his seat and did not vote when his name was called. I kept tab on the vote and saw that the amendment had carried by a small margin, and, Mr. President, in that brief moment I thought I saw the promised land. I believed the solution of our troubles had been found, for Democrats and Republicans alike had joined in passing that amendment which removed the final point of contention. But, sir, in that critical hour, when it seemed to me so much was at stake, the Senator from Johnson rose in his place before the vote was announced and voted against the amendment. Following his lead Senator Dye (Rep.) and Harrell, who had voted for the amendment, changed their votes from yes to nay, and defeated the amendment by two votes. Mr. President, the Governor call us here in good faith. His purposes were unselfish; had he wished he could have rested upon the law as it stood. It was a matter entirely with him. Rather than take any advantage he might have had under the Goebel law he called us here that his opponent might be given an absolutely even chance in the coming election. When he called us here his duty ended. He could do no more.

I NOW CHARGE WITHOUT RESERVATION THAT THE REPUBLICAN MEMBERS OF THIS BODY HAVE TAKEN A CRUEL AND A COWARDLY ADVANTAGE OF HIS GENEROSITY. ALTHOUGH THEY KNOW THEY WOULD BE THE BENEFICIARIES OF SUCH LAWS AS MAY PASS HERE, THEY HAVE DETERMINED THAT NO LAW SHALL PASS, AND THEY HOPE TO MAKE POLITICAL CAPITAL FROM THE FACT. I CHARGE THAT WHEN YOU CHANGED YOUR VOTES AND DEFEATED THE AMENDMENT WHICH I OFFERED, YOU DESTROYED OR AT LEAST BELIEVED YOU DESTROYED, THE LAST HOPE OF MAKING A LAW AT THIS SESSION, ALTHOUGH YOU ARE BOUND TO ACKNOWLEDGE WE HAVE OFFERED YOU A LAW FAIRER THAN ANY EVER BEFORE WRITTEN UPON THE STATUTE BOOKS OF KENTUCKY. You then stood in the path of justice and in the way of the peace and prosperity of Kentucky, and I appeal to an honest people and a candid world to judge between us.

This, sir, is my answer and the answer of the Democratic party to your hypocritical and false charges, and if there is one single statement in what I have said that can not be verified from the record I will apologize for having risen from my seat.

Chicago has a uniformed marching phalanx in the interest of McKinley's re-election. Last week forty members of the organization, headed by a Major and two Captains, took their uniforms and all the McKinley and Roosevelt pictures and posters about their headquarters into the street and made a public bonfire of them, and announced that they were done with the Republican party.—Exchange.

POYNTZ BROS. are the only Maysville distillers selling pure liquors by the quart, gallon or barrel, direct from distillery to consumer. Seven-year-old whisky \$2 per gallon. Age and quality guaranteed. Get the best. Office 126 Market street—Watson's old stand.

WOMEN'S.....

Jackets!

The new comers presented for the first time. Distinguished and handsome garments.
MATERIALS—Boucle, Freize, Kersey, Melton, Cheviot.
COLORS—Golden and Seal Brown, Royal and Navy Blue, Brige, Biscuit, Black, Gray, Tan.
TRIMMINGS—Stitching, Applique, Velvet, Straps, Buttons, Satin, Braid.
STYLES—Eton, Fly Front, Box Effect, Automobile, L'Aiglon.
PRICES—\$5, \$7½, \$10, \$12½, \$15, \$17½.

DRESS GOODS!

English Cheviot, sturdy and stubborn like its makers, has a hard tough texture, moisture has no terrors for it, sheds dust as well as rain, lustrous black, brown, gray, blue. Correct for tailored suits, \$1.25 a yard.

FANCY FLANNELS.

Walking and rainy day skirts demand flannel waists. To meet the demand many novelties appear. We have assembled a large stock of the latest styles and put them at your service. 75c. a yard.

D. HUNT & SON.

1900.

City Taxes!

On all city taxes not paid before November 1st a penalty of 10 per cent. will be added.

JAMES W. FITZGERALD,
 CITY TREASURER.

Just Received,
 the
 Choicest Line of Salads,
 Plates, Chops,
 Cakes,
 Plaques, Etc.

For an elegant Wedding Present call at BROWN'S China Palace, Maysville, Ky.

While engaged in a game of basket ball at the Y. M. C. A. Friday afternoon, Mr. J. T. Kackley had the misfortune to receive a very painful injury to his nose, in a collision with another player.

Fresh bulk oysters and celery at Biagiotti & Co.'s.

THIS IS NO FAKE!

I will continue to sell all the Furniture in my house at COST, as long as I have any. I will sell the entire stock and rent the house to any one who wants to embark in the business, and will make a showing of what I have done and am doing.

Charles H. White

WASHINGTON OPERA HOUSE

Russell, Dye & Frauk, Managers.

A NIGHT OF FUN,
 Saturday, October 20th.

That Famous Comedy.....

**FINNIGAN'S.....
 BALL.**

Interpreted by comedians who are funny, singers who can sing, dancers who can dance. In all, everything that goes to make an evening of jollity.

PRICES

Entire lower floor.....50c
 First three rows balcony.....50c
 Rest of balcony.....35c
 Gallery.....25c

BOSS Steel Ranges!

Attractive, durable and perfectly constructed. Beautiful finish, elegant design and perfect in operation.

LEONARD & LALLEY
 MAYSVILLE, KY.

Dr. Anna B. Hewins, THE LADY DENTIST,

Has located permanently in Maysville where she has opened a dental parlor. All kinds of high class painless dentistry done in the most artistic and scientific manner. PRICES RIGHT. Gold crowns and bridge work \$5 to \$10. Best sets of teeth on rubber \$5 to \$15. Gold fillings \$1 and up. Office: No. 23½ West Second street.

JAS. A. WALLACE, FIRST-CLASS..... RESTAURANT.

For Ladies and Gentlemen. Meals served in best styles at all hours at reasonable prices. Meals served for early trains for ladies and gentlemen. Oyster season now open. Served in all styles, day or night. Cor. Market and Front.

BOULDEN & PARKER'S FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.

Office, First National Bank. Only first-class reliable companies represented. All losses promptly settled. We respectfully solicit your patronage.

The Bee Hive

Fall and Winter....

UNDERWEAR!

There is always something to be learned in Underwear selling. People have so many whims when it comes to buying undergarments. We study their wants from season to season with the result that our stock of Underwear at present comprises about everything that whimsical humanity could inquire for. We start the Ladies' Ribbed Vests at 15c. and run them up by gradual stages to \$1.25. Ladies', Boys', and Misses' Union Suits from 25c. to \$1.75. In the Men's Underwear department you'll find a large variety of kinds and splendid values for little money. Round and ribbed goods at 25c. the garment. Fancy Blue Ribbed Heavyweight Underwear, sold elsewhere at \$1 the suit, is sold here at 39c. the garment, or 75c. the suit. Extra heavy Cotton Fleece Undershirts and Drawers at 50c. A special number is a wool Fleece garment, usual price \$1.75 the suit, priced here at \$1.25. Come and see us for your Underwear wants.

A Corner in.....

CLOAKS

From what many of our patrons tell us we have "cornered" real up-to-dateness in Cloaks for this community. Our stock this season more than upholds our former good Cloak reputation. In Jackets we are showing Automobiles, Etons and the new short cut garment in all colors, from \$3.98 to \$16.50. The Cloth and Plush Cape stock is replete with everything that is new; prices from 98c to \$12.50. We would like to tell you, too, all about the large line of Children's Reefers and Misses' Jackets and the superb stock of Collarettes; but space will not permit of it. More about them anon.

ROSENAU BROS.,

PROPRIETORS OF THE BEE HIVE,

KINGS OF LOW PRICES

THE CAMPAIGN.

Big Crowd Hears Kehoe in Boyd County.

Nine College Professors Come Out For Bryan—Hear Col. Bennett Young Next Monday.



CATLETTSBURG, Ky., Oct. 18.—The first speech of the campaign was made to-day in this county by the Hon. J. N. Kehoe, Democratic candidate for Congress, at East Fork precinct. Fully 600 people heard him. He spoke for one hour and fifteen minutes.

GREENUP, Ky., October 18.—R. H. Stevenson, of Portsmouth, addressed the people of Allegheny this afternoon in the interest of the Democratic ticket, and a club with ninety-seven members was organized. Ninety has hitherto been the high-water Democratic vote in that precinct. Mr. Stevenson and E. K. Walsh, of Portsmouth, also addressed a crowded house at the court house. The membership of the club here was increased twenty-five.

Col. Bennett H. Young, one of Kentucky's prominent citizens and leading Democrats, will speak at the court house, this city, next Monday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. The speaking being in the afternoon will give people from the country an opportunity to hear Col. Young, and a large crowd is anticipated. In his speech at Lawrenceburg this week Col. Young roasted ex-Governor Bradley, asserting that the latter's actions tend to confirm the statement that he knew of the plot to murder Gov. Goebel. All are invited to attend the meeting next Monday.

Judge Phister will address the East End Bryan, Beckham and Kehoe Club next Monday night at Limestone fire hall, Sixth ward. The Judge is an eloquent speaker and is always entertaining and instructive. Everybody is invited to hear him.

Judge Pugh will speak at several points in Robertson County next week.

Notice to Contractors.

The full plans and specifications for all labor and material for the pastoral residence to be erected on Third street near Limestone by St. Patrick's church have been received and can be seen at the present pastoral residence on Limestone street. Contractors are requested to call and examine them, and prepare to submit bids. By order of committee.

James Page, aged twenty-two years, was arrested by Detective James W. Campbell and lodged in jail at Flemingsburg, charged with the murder of Saunders Rawlings, whose mutilated body was found near Ringo's Mill last Monday. Page was found to be shot in the leg when arrested, and he claims unknown parties shot him. It is reported a pistol belonging to the dead man was found in Page's pocket.

The Paris Telephone Company, which was organized six years ago, was Thursday sold to the Columbian Telephone of Nashville, Tenn. The price was not given out, but is believed to be about \$9,000. The Paris Company's plant began with thirty subscribers and now has over 200, including a number of farmers who live from one to ten miles from Paris. Mr. H. A. Power, formerly of this city, was a member of the company.

CORRECTLY FASHIONED CLOTHES FOR GENTLEMEN.

Ready to wear and warranted to fit.

We say to you frankly that there are no better clothes made in the world than we carry. With us you find Stein Bloch, Adler Bros., and other noted high-class manufacturers' goods.

We earnestly ask you to come in and let us show you the

SUITS and OVERCOATS

the above named firms made for us for this season's wear.

Our Young Men's department is this season better equipped to outfit young men from fourteen to twenty years of age than ever before in the history of our business. We are encouraged to provide a larger variety in both Suits and Overcoats than heretofore owing to the fact that the young men of this city and surrounding country are looking to us for everything that is fashionable and snappy in

CLOTHING and FURNISHINGS, HATS and SHOES.

We know they appreciate the pains that we take in fitting them out and in making such alterations as will improve the fit and appearance of the garments which we do cheerfully, and without extra charge, of course.

Our entire stock of merchandise beginning at the top, namely the hat, to the very bottom, the Shoe, are now ready for your inspection.

HECHINGER & CO.

THE HOME STORE.

Ray's chocolates are fresh from the factory.

Next Saturday, October 20th, Will Be Men's Day at the

New York Store

.....OF.....

HAYS & CO.

We have about closed out our Clothing, but have a few left. Thirty-seven Men's Suits, ranging in price from 8-10 dollars, your choice \$3.98. Men's best brown unsheared Jeans Pants only \$1. Men's good black Hats 50c.; elegant Hats only 75c. Men's good suit Underwear only 45c. Men's splendid wool Underwear 95c. a Suit. Men's Good Shoes only \$1. Now, men, there is your chance. For the ladies, as usual, we have many bargains in Dress Goods, Furs, Jackets, etc. Staple goods cheaper than ever.

HAYS & CO.

NEW YORK STORE.

P. S.—We give rebate stamps. Ask for them.

McIlvain & Humphreys,

PARKER BUILDING, SUTTON ST.,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

We sell nothing but

RELIABLE GOODS at ROCK-BOTTOM PRICES.

It will pay you to call and examine our extensive stock of goods when you need anything in the FURNITURE line.

Our Undertaking Department

is unsurpassed in its thorough equipment, and is in charge of an experienced and careful Undertaker and Embalmer. The handsomest rubber-tired funeral car in this section.

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS REPAIRED. Mattresses made to order.

MAYSVILLE, KY.

Prepare...

FOR FALL'S CHILLY EVENINGS.

Men's Fall Overcoats and Raglans,

\$8 to \$18



Youths' Overcoats in Oxford Grey, All Wool, Ages 10 to 16

\$5

MARTIN & CO.

DRILLING FOR OIL.

Work Again Retarded by a Strong Flow of Blue Lick Water.

The drilling for oil that has been going on Dr. Ellis' farm at Ellis' Landing has again been interrupted by a great flow of Blue Lick water.

At 1,350 feet the well was cased as it was thought there would be no trouble by water pouring in to it. The drill was then put to work again and in a few turns of the machinery the blue lick came pouring up like a miniature Niagara, boiling over the top of the well in a strong stream.

This at once compelled the workmen to take out all the casing and send for more to Athens, Ohio. They will now case some distance further down before venturing to work the drill again.

Rev. Augustin J. Smith, of Winton Place, near Cincinnati, has accepted a call to the Church of the Nativity, and will enter upon his work November 12th.

O. H. P. Thomas & Co., Nos. 120 to 124 Market street, Maysville, Ky., sell our "Old-time Bourbon" and "Old Maysville Club Rye" whiskies, direct from our distillery, by the quart, gallon or barrel. These goods are guaranteed pure, and are the finest in the State.

The H. E. Pogue Distillery Co.

WANTED.

WANTED—A few pupils at my home, 604 E. Second street. GENEVA PIERCE. 18-dtf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Four rooms for rent over P. J. Murphy's jewelry store. Entrance private. Apply to ERNIE WHITE. 9-dtf

FOR RENT—Three-room flat on Second street. Hot and cold water, gas, screens, awnings; hall carpeted; everything complete. Apply to ERNIE WHITE. 22-dtf

FOR RENT—Two dwellings, four and six rooms each. All modern improvements. Limestone and Fifth. Apply to ERNIE WHITE. 24-dtf

FOR SALE.

MILLINERY FOR SALE—Miss Anna M. Frazer, of Court street, has a full line of winter millinery, and can sell at low figures.

FOR SALE OR RENT—My two-story brick residence on West Second street. Modern improvements. MRS. MARY G. RILEY. Apply to Edward Myall. 10-dtf

FOR SALE—Farm of 150 acres on M. and L. pike, six miles from Paris, Ky. Improved. Address I. R. BEST, agent, M. L. S. B. 10-dtf

FOR SALE—A frame residence, two story, No. 201 Sixth street; four rooms finished and four rooms unfinished; water in the house and good sewerage. Apply to JAMES A. WALLACE, or Frank Devine. 24-dtf

DAYTON, OHIO, October 18, 1900. To Whom It May Concern: I hereby certify that J. C. Malloy or any other Malloy has not packed any nursery stock from my nurseries to be delivered at Maysville, Ky., on October 22nd, and any packages or sales bearing my card or name are fraudulent, and are misrepresentations, as I have packed no goods or authorized any to be delivered on that date by the above named parties. Respectfully, JOHN SIEBERTHALER.

Mr. C. D. Pearce has sold and conveyed to Mrs. W. F. Thomas a lot in the Sixth ward for \$525.

GUNS

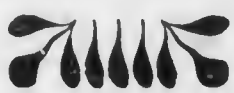


Repeating Rifles
and Shot-Guns;
Single Shot Rifles.

Ammunition

Paper Shot Shells,
Black and Smokeless;
Gun Wads, &c., &c.

The largest and most complete line of Sports-
men's Supplies we have ever shown. We can
please you, both as to quality and price.



Frank Owens Hardware Comp'y.

EXULTS OVER GOEBEL'S DEATH.

Senator Mills, of Wisconsin, Makes a Sen-
sational Utterance in Lexington
Speech—Republicans
Applaud.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 18.—State Sena-
tor E. G. Mills, of Wisconsin, spoke here
to-night at Kimball Hall. He made the
most sensational address yet delivered
in the State by a Republican. The room
was filled with colored and white Repub-
licans and his utterances were applauded.
Senator Mills, in referring to the assassi-
nation of Gov. Goebel, said:

"In Wisconsin the law sanctions the
shooting of a hog thief when caught in
the act, and there is no punishment if
the man is killed. Goebel was stealing
the Governorship, and—well, he was
shot."

He tried to shift the responsibility for
the death of Gov. Goebel to Senator
Blackburn.

Senator Mills defended McKinley's ad-
ministration in the Philippines and Han-
na's control of the trusts.

See our new display in show window
of photographs, water colors &c.
KACKLEY & Co., photographers.

The men's rally at the Y. M. C. A.
Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock will be
conducted by Mr. D. C. Hutchins. All
men invited.

Mr. Wm. Peed on Wednesday sold his
farm of 240 acres, adjoining Sharpsburg,
to Ben Wright and George McDonald for
\$100 per acre. Mr. Peed formerly lived
in Mason, and is a brother of Mrs. Slack
and Mrs. Clift, of Forest avenue.

A young man, name unknown, ap-
peared in Aberdeen a week ago with a
horse he was anxious to sell. He closed
a deal with Mr. C. B. Sutton and they
came over to Mayville to get the money.
The young man gave Mr. Sutton the
slip and has not been seen or heard of
since. Mr. Sutton has the horse and
also the money, the man even leaving
his overcoat in Wells livery stable. It
was evident that something was wrong,
as when Mr. Sutton commenced to ques-
tion him he got confused, and, under pre-
text of going into a saloon, got away.

PERSONAL.

—Mr. Will Heiser is at French Lick
Springs.

—Mr. Joseph Parish, the insurance
solicitor, is in town.

—Mr. Lucien Goodman, of Mt. Gilead,
is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Foxworthy.

—Mrs. Davis Anderson, of Cincinnati,
is visiting her father, Mr. B. A. Walling-
ford.

—Mrs. Frank Daulton and little son
have returned from a visit to relatives at
Bradford.

—Editor Duley, of Flemingsburg, was
accompanied home by his mother, the vener-
able Mrs. Sophia Duley, who has been
visiting her son, Mr. John Duley.

Frank M. Ratcliffe, a young man of
Fleming County, was given a hearing be-
fore Judge Wadsworth Friday on a
charge of grand larceny and was held in
sum of \$100. He gave the required bond.
The day Harris' Circus was in Mayville
Mrs. Alice Harrison, of Helena, while
coming to town lost her pocket-book con-
taining \$50 on the Fleming pike, a short
distance from Mayville. Ratcliffe was
on a bicycle following the buggy and
found the book. He was seen by others
to stop and pick it up, and they in-
formed Mrs. Harrison, who later came
across Ratcliffe at Parker's stable. He
denied finding the book, and claimed he
came in over the Lexington road. The
book, however, was found in his pocket,
but the money had disappeared.

MAYVILLE Marble and Granite Works,
manufacturers of and dealers in marble
and granite monuments, headstones,
markers and corner posts. We chal-
lenge competition in quality of material,
character of work and in price. We
defy competition. We have no travel-
ing men's expenses to pay as we do all
our work and can save you at least 20
per cent. on all purchases. Come and
see us. HALL, SPENCER & CALVERT,
No. 27 East Second street, Mayville, Ky.

Mrs. J. D. Riley was informed by tele-
gram on Thursday of the death of her
cousin, Mrs. L. M. Lawson, of Hunte-
ville, O. Mrs. Lawson was the wife of
Dr. L. M. Lawson, who was President of
the Ohio Medical College at the time of
his death. Thus ends a life most nobly
and beautifully lived.

CARNEGIE'S LETTER

Pinning Upon President McKinley the Phil-
ippine Responsibility.

[Congressional Record, Vol. 32, Page 3273]
The President, in his Boston speech
yesterday, makes this extraordinary
statement: "The Philippines, like Cuba
and Porto Rico, were intrusted into our
hands by war."

On the contrary, the protocol signed as
the result of the war provided for the
Philippines, not "like Cuba and Porto
Rico," but expressly reserved them for
negotiation with Spain as to their "future
control, disposition and government."

The Philippines have been "intrusted"
to us solely by the unexpected demand
for them made by the President himself
after he had suddenly changed his mind
—which was at first that we should not
burden ourselves with them.

The Senate asked him to lay before it
his instructions or correspondence with
the Commissioners, which would have
proved this, but he refused.

The Philippine burden is not charge-
able to the war. This is the President's
own Pandora box, his New Year's gift to
this country, for which he alone is re-
sponsible. Neither Congress or the peo-
ple had any voice in the matter. But
one need not wonder why he should now
attempt to evade the responsibility, since
he tells us "that every red drop, whether
from the veins of an American soldier or
a misguided Filipino, is anguish to my
heart." His conscience smites him. No
wonder. The guilty Macbeth also cried
out, "Thou canst not say I did it."

"Whether the acquisition of the Phil-
ippines was wise or foolish, they are
upon our hands, not by the war, but
by the President's own act, and he should
stand up like a man and assume the re-
sponsibility, asking his countrymen to
forgive his mistake, if he now sees he
has made one. ANDREW CARNEGIE.
New York, February 17, 1900.

WE MUST REPEAT

When Everybody in Maysville Tells the
Same Story.

It is hard to say new things about
Doan's Kidney Pills. They cure the
lame and aching back, the sufferer from
kidney disorders and the troubles of
those whose urinary organism is wrong
in its action. That they do this is so
easily proven that not a vestige of doubt
remains. Public endorsement of local
citizens is easily proven. Read this
case:

Mr. M. L. Spencer, grocer, of Forest
avenue, says: "For many years I was
troubled from the lack of proper action
of the kidneys. I feared the incipient
state of diabetes and learning about
Doan's Kidney Pills, sold at J. Jas. Wood
& Son's drug store, I procured a box.
The benefit derived from its use war-
ranted me continuing the treatment.
The results obtained in the cases of others
I know as well as in my own is a
guarantee of the great value of Doan's
Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents.
Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole
agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and
take no other.

SNEAKED ABOARD.

Boers Enraged at Oom Paul For
Leaving the Country.

Lorenzo Marques, Oct. 19.—Mr. Kruger
was secretly taken at 5 a. m. on
board the Dutch cruiser Gelderland on
which vessel he is to sail for Holland.
The reason given for Mr. Kruger's em-
barcation is that he feared the Boers
here would attack him. The feeling
of the refugees against Mr. Kruger for
leaving the country is very strong.
He left the governor's house in a hired
carriage, accompanied by Dr. Hayman,
the governor following in a private
carriage. The party drove through
the custom house and embarked from
the customs pier instead of from the
passenger jetty. It is reported that
the Gelderland will sail Saturday.

Old Favorites—Murray and Mack's "Finni-
gan's Ball" To-night.

The laughable comedy, "Finnegan's
Ball," which comes to Washington Opera
House this evening, is, in many respects,
an organization that is pronounced su-
perior to all other styles and classes of farce-
comedy programs presented, and has
awakened new interest in this style of
comedy and shows that, at least, there is
something fresh and novel with which to
please and entertain the public. The
play has created discussion and lent new
interest to Irish farce comedy. Catchy
songs, catchy dances, big novelty acts
and up-to-date specialties are among the
pleasing features of "Finnegan's Ball."
Seats are on sale at Nelson's. Go to the
"ball" to-night.

The reception tendered Rev. Dr. John
Barbour and wife last evening by the
members of his church was an enjoyable
affair throughout.



Young Women

The entry into womanhood is a critical time
for a girl. With her whole being undergoing a
change, the seeds of female troubles are sown.
Little menstrual disorders, if neglected at the
time, will follow the woman all her life and
grow into fatal complications. That female
troubles are robbing homes and filling grave-
yards, proves this. Yet, irregular and painful
menstruation are often permitted to go on, sap-
ping the life and energy, while Wine of Cardui,
the positive relief for these ills, is on the shelf
of every drug store. Wine of Cardui helps the
madden against the shock of puberty by induc-
ing a painless and natural menstrual flow.
When once this important function is started
right, a healthy life will usually follow. Wine
of Cardui is an emmenagogue of great power,
and works wonders in strengthening the deli-
cate and sensitive female organs. Many young
women owe their lives to Wine of Cardui. No
woman should give up hope until she has given
Wine of Cardui a trial. If thousands have
secured relief through it, why not you?

WINE OF CARDUI

Tully, Kas., Feb. 24, 1899.
I have suffered untold pain at menstrual
periods for a long time; was nervous, had no
appetite, and lost interest in everything; in
fact was miserable. I have taken four bottles
of Wine of Cardui with Black-Draught when
needed and to-day I am entirely cured. I can-
not express the thanks I feel for what you
have done for me.

Miss DELLA M. STRAYER.

In cases requiring special directions,
address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies'
Advisory Department," The Ladies'
Medicine Company, Chatta-
nooga, Tenn.

HAINLINE'S

5 and 10c. Store.

Ladies' Day Wednesday, October 17th.
Special bargains in our line for Ladies' Day.
A 10 per cent. discount to each and every
purchaser will be given.

It will pay you to call and examine our
Underwear for Ladies, Children and Gentle-
men. We have the best line we have ever
had.

Ladies' Vests, each 12 1/2c.
Ladies' Vests, each 15c.
Ladies' Union Suits, each 23c.
Ladies' Union Suits, each 45c.
Gentlemen's underwear, 25c. up.
Children's Underwear, 10, 12 1/2, 15, 25, 35.
Granite, Tin, Glass and China a specialty.
Just received a big shipment of Jardinieres,
beautiful line, and they will go for 15c. up.
Remember a 10 per cent. discount given on
all sales for Ladies' Day only.

HAINLINE'S

5 and 10c. Store.

Keeping Abreast of Time!

For the next ten days we will offer
a fine line of

IRON CLOCKS,

handsomely decorated, with the best
of American movements, regular
price \$11 to \$12, special price, \$7.89.

Solid Silver Spoons,

regular price \$5.50 to \$7, special
price \$4.10. They are the real bar-
gains and won't last long.

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Of 547 West Ninth Street,
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Will be at the Central Hotel, Mayville, Ky.,
Thursday, NOVEMBER 1st, 1900, returning every
first Thursday in each month.

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at public auction Thursday, Oct.
25th, at 1:30 p. m., at my home near Fern Leaf,
Ky., my live stock, farming implements and
other personal property. Included are 40 Poland
China pigs and sows; 10 Dorset-Jersey sows and
boars, singly or in pairs. This herd of swine is
bred at top notch. One all-purpose gelding, 1
harness gelding, 1 work mare, two family mares,
1 three-year-old mule and 1 two-year-old gelding.
Terms made known day of sale.
LEE NORRIS, Fern Leaf, Ky.

A Tribute of Love.

Death is never welcomed when it comes to
summon a loved one, but is especially sad when
in the morning of life it takes away a dear one
on the threshold of womanhood.

"Standing with reluctant feet,
Where the brook and river meet,"
Well equipped for the battle of life, as was the
case with our beloved associate. Only those who
knew Birdie Brenner can understand how hard
it was to give her up. With her sweet Christian
disposition and bright intellect we can truly say
she was one of the best girls it was ever our for-
tune to know. We tender our heartfelt sym-
pathy to her family, and urge the members of our
Sunday school to follow her example, give their
lives to their Savior,—"S. ek first the kingdom of
Heaven."
May her dear spirit's influence be upon us and
rest in an especial manner upon her class mates,
and at last may we stand with her redeemed in
Heaven.
SALLIE BUCKOWS,
JOHN DULEY,
JOHN W. BOLDEN,
Committee of Sunday school, M. E. Church,
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Fresh oysters at Jno. O'Keefe's.

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That according to the best medical
authorities asthmal attacks are
caused by an excess of uric acid
in the blood.

IT IS A FACT—

That uric acid is a product of im-
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IT IS A FACT—

That by eliminating this acid from
the system the acknowledged cause
of asthma, hay fever and rheuma-
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IT IS A FACT—

That BOND'S SPECIFIC cures by its
great purifying action on the liver
and kidneys, thus enabling them to
perform their functions properly
and carry off the excess of acid from
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IT IS A FACT—

That all asthma and rheumatism
cure contain dangerous drugs such
as chloral, cocaine, morphia,
and produce only temporary relief.

IT IS A FACT—

That BOND'S Asthma, Hay Fever and
Rheumatism Cure is absolutely free
from dangerous drugs, and is purely
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taken with impunity by any one,
from the babe just born to the old-
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That BOND'S SPECIFIC will most po-
sitively cure asthma, hay fever or
rheumatism in spite of your incred-
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Sold by Henry W. Ray, J. Jas. Wood & Son and
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That's why our trade is always increasing. We
give prompt attention to all orders and serve our
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time our groceries fail to give satisfaction we
cheerfully exchange them or give your money
back if you want it. You are running no risk in
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the same goods and attention we give the par-
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Order a pound or more of "White Star" coffee.

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